

Supplementary Table 4. Evidence for site-specific changes in dN/dS in *Idiomarina* genes.

Pathway	Gene	COG	Test A: Selection on <i>Idiomarina</i>		Test B: Site-specific selection on <i>Idiomarina</i>	
			Different dN/dS in <i>Idiomarina</i> ?	dN/dS in <i>Idiomarina</i> (relative to other lineages)	Sites with higher dN/dS in <i>Idiomarina</i> ?	Proportion of sites with higher dN/dS in <i>Idiomarina</i> (dN/dS > 1 in bold)
Glycolysis	<i>Pgi</i>	166	yes*	0.0066 (lower)	yes***	0.40
	<i>Fbp</i>	158	yes**	0.0022 (lower)	yes***	0.18
	<i>Eno</i>	148	yes***	0.0017 (lower)	yes***	0.08
	<i>TpiA</i>	149	yes*	0.0056 (lower)	yes***	0.26
	<i>Pfk</i>	205	yes*	0.0038 (lower)	yes***	0.30
	<i>NagE</i>	2190	no	0.0185	yes***	0.75
Phenylalanine biosynthesis	<i>AroQ</i>	757	yes*	0.0028 (lower)	yes*	0.07
	<i>AroB</i>	337	no	0.0044	yes***	0.23
	<i>AroE</i>	169	no	0.0055	yes***	0.16
	<i>PheA</i>	77	no	0.0115	yes**	0.45

Likelihood ratio test: * P < 0.05, ** P < 0.005, *** P < 0.00001

To support the high values of ν observed in glycolysis and phenylalanine biosynthesis in *Idiomarina*, we analyzed these genes in PAML under 5 different evolutionary models: (1) No branch variation (single value of dN/dS for the whole tree); no site variation, (2) Different dN/dS allowed in the *Idiomarina* branch (two values of dN/dS in the tree); no site variation, (3) No branch variation; variable selective pressure among sites allowed (3 categories of sites, each allowed a different dN/dS), (4) Different dN/dS allowed in *Idiomarina*; variable selective pressure among sites allowed (3 categories of sites for *Idiomarina* and 3 for the rest of the tree, each allowed a different dN/dS), and (5) Same as Model 4, but fixing dN/dS not to exceed 1. In Test A, Model 2 is compared with Model 1 in a likelihood ratio test (compare $2(L_2 - L_1)$ to χ^2 distribution with degrees of freedom = # parameters in Model 2 – Model 1). In effect, this tests whether *Idiomarina* has a different dN/dS, averaged over all sites in the gene, than other lineages. It should be noted that for all genes in the table above, dS is saturated (> 50 substitutions per site), perhaps explaining the relatively low average values of dN/dS. In Test B, Model 4 is compared to Model 3 in a likelihood ratio test (compare $2(L_4 - L_3)$ to χ^2 distribution with degrees of freedom = # parameters in Model 4 – Model 3). For all 10 genes, this test supports sites under different selection in *Idiomarina*. In all cases, there is at least one site category with higher dN/dS in *Idiomarina* than other lineages. We performed a final test to determine whether there were some sites in *Idiomarina* with dN/dS > 1. In this test, we compared Model 4 to Model 5 in a likelihood ratio test (compare $2(L_4 - L_5)$ to χ^2 distribution with degrees of freedom = # parameters in Model 4 – Model 5). For genes with significant evidence ($P < 0.05$) for sites with dN/dS > 1, the proportion of sites with elevated dN/dS in *Idiomarina* (far right column) is shown in bold.